## Home Visitor Coalition Best Practices Work Group Core Competencies

**Revised December, 2013 (BLUE)** 

Developing Strong Home Visiting Programs: Leadership and Supervision

Overall competency goal: In home visiting, relationships form the foundation upon which all other work is built. This knowledge area focuses on the competencies that are necessary for supervision of home visitors. This knowledge area closely intersects and overlaps with the three direct service competency goals: Strengthening Parent Child Relationships, Positive Parenting, Early Learning and School Readiness (PURPLE), Building and Strengthening Relationships with Families, Planning and Conducting Effective Home Visits (GOLD), and Promoting Healthy Family Functioning, Self-Sufficiency, Family Health and Safety (GREEN).

Area of Expertise  Effective Home Visiting  Knowledge Areas:  1. Core competencies of home visiting (GOLD,		As demonstrated by the ability to:  a. Access and integrate current research into practice	
Su	pervision		
Kn 1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Communication skills. Supervision skills/styles. Conflict management. Relationships and boundaries. Staff support and retention.	e. f. g. h. i. j.	Ensure data privacy guidelines are understood and maintained.  Document content of meetings with home visitors.  Address boundary and personnel issues.  Provide feedback on performance.  Review and discuss home visitor documentation.  Review and discuss data management reports, program statistics.  Assess home visitor ability to form relationships with families.  Review and implement quality assurance protocols.  Build teams for peer-to-peer support and to advance practice.  Ensure assessment tool results are integrated into practice.  Promote integration of training into practice.  Promote cultural sensitivity and practices.  Provide guidance and practice on communication style.  Provide guidance and practice on use of program

## o. Identify and promote areas for staff growth and skill development. p. Shadow family home visits for support and to advance practice. **Reflective Supervision Knowledge Areas:** a. Actively engage in reflective practice through training, 1. Theoretical basis and history of reflective mentoring. supervision. b. Implement ongoing reflective supervision individually, 2. Key elements of reflective supervision. in group consultation or team meetings. 3. Trusting relationship between supervisor and Coach and provide feedback on strengths based home visitor. approaches and interventions used. 4. Balancing reflective supervision with the d. Identify and promote use of behaviorally specific administrative aspects of supervision. 5. Parallel process. e. Analyze and discuss outreach, engagement and 6. Reflective supervision for supervisors. retention. Integrate the results of tools used. Discuss home visiting achievement and assessment g. h. Provide transfer of learning activities before and after trainings so that staff can integrate training information into their practice. Assess and discuss cultural sensitivity and practices. Provide guidance and practice on communication style. Provide guidance and practice on use of curriculum. Provide opportunities for reflection on techniques and approaches. **Developing Partnerships and Collaborations: Community Resources and Coalition building Knowledge Areas:** a. Assist home visitors to anticipate and to help families 1. Value of interdisciplinary work in serving meet basic needs & obtain other needed services from families. public agencies and community resources. 2. Seamless delivery of services; finding and b. Collaborate and communicate with other community accessing community resources. service agencies to build relationships across agencies 3. Value of collaborations with existing serving children and families. partners. Help home visitors support parents to build the skills 4. Identification and promotion of new they need to access social support from extended collaborations. family, neighbors, and friends needed and as available in the community. d. Ensure home visitors are aware of community resources available to families during pregnancy and the child's early years. Law, regulation and agency policy **Knowledge areas:** a. Ensure that information is shared in a relevant and 1. Ethical practice. unbiased manner. 2. Government, law and regulation. b. Practice and promote confidentiality of each family's 3. Agency policy. information in all contexts.

c.	Support staff in maintaining appropriate personal
	boundaries with children and families as established
	by the employing agency.
d.	Assure prompt and appropriate report of harm or
	threatened harm to child health and welfare to
	Protective Services.
e.	Accurately and clearly explain the provisions and
	requirements of agency, federal, state, and local laws
	affecting documentation and privacy practices.